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BEFORE THE IDAHO PUBLIC UTILITIE	<b>CS COMMISSION</b>	

Amended 3/3/04

1	Avista Corporation ("Avista") hereby requests that the Idaho Public Utilities
2	Commission ("IPUC") authorize Avista to sell its minority ownership interest in the
3	Skookumchuck dam, hydroelectric plant and related facilities ("Skookumchuck"), should the
4	Commission decide to exercise its authority over the property sale. Idaho Code Section 61-
5	328 requires Commission approval only for the sale of property located in the state of Idaho.
6	The Skookumchuck project is locate in the state of Washington. Avista does not believe that
7	approval of the sale of non-situs property is required under Idaho Code Section 61-328.
8	Should the Commission, however, decide to exercise authority over the proposed sale, then
9	Avista requests that the Commission approve the sale.
10	Avista also requests that the IPUC issue determinations required for the new
11	owner/operator to qualify as an Exempt Wholesale Generator ("EWG") under Section 32 of
12	the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 1935 ("PUHCA"). The purchaser is 2677588
13	Washington LLC ("Washington LLC"), a limited liability company formed by TransAlta
14	USA Inc. ("TransAlta").
15	I. INTRODUCTION
16	A. The Parties
17	1. The Applicant: Avista
18	Avista is an investor owned utility engaged in the generation, transmission, and
19	distribution of electricity in certain portions of Northern Idaho and in Eastern Washington.
20	Avista is further engaged in the distribution of natural gas in certain portions of Northern
21	Idaho, Eastern and Central Washington, in Northern California, and in Western and Central
22	Oregon. Avista is subject to the jurisdiction of this Commission with regard to its rates,

1	charges, services and practices. At December 31, 2003 Avista provided service to
2	approximately 326,000 electric customers and 298,000 natural gas customers throughout its
3	service area. Approximately 110,000 electric customers were served in the state of Idaho.
4	Communications in reference to this Application should be addressed to:
5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12	Kelly O. NorwoodDavid J. MeyerVice President, State and Federal Reg.Senior Vice President and General CounselAvista CorporationAvista Corporation1411 E. Mission Avenue1411 E. Mission AvenueSpokane, Washington 99220Spokane, Washington 99220Phone: (509) 495-4267Phone: (509) 489-0500Fax: (509) 495-8856Fax: (509) 495-4361kelly.norwood@avistacorp.comdavid.meyer@avistacorp.com
13	2. The Owners
14	Skookumchuck is jointly owned by seven public and private owners (collectively, the
15	"Owners"): PacifiCorp; Avista; Public Utility District No. 1 of Snohomish County,
16	Washington; Puget Sound Energy, Inc.; City of Tacoma, Washington; City of Seattle,
17	Washington; and Public Utility District No. 1 of Grays Harbor County, Washington.
18	PacifiCorp is the majority owner with a 47.5% ownership share. Avista is a minority owner
19	with a 17.5% ownership share.
20	3. The Purchaser
21	Washington LLC is a Washington limited liability company and a direct, wholly-
22	owned subsidiary of TransAlta. TransAlta is the indirect owner of the Centralia Power Plant,
23	a coal-fired generating plant, and the Centralia Coal Mine. In 2000, the Owners sold the
24	Centralia Power Plant to a direct wholly-owned subsidiary of TransAlta, TECWA Power
25	Inc., and PacifiCorp sold the Centralia Coal Mine to another direct wholly-owned subsidiary
26	of TransAlta, TECWA Fuel Inc. TransAlta Centralia Generation LLC, a direct wholly-

owned subsidiary of TECWA Power, Inc., owns and operates the Centralia Power Plant as an
EWG.

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B.

# The Skookumchuck Plant to be Sold

4 Skookumchuck is a small earth-fill dam and hydroelectric generating plant located in 5 the vicinity of Centralia, Washington on property adjacent to the Centralia Power Plant. The 6 Skookumchuck dam was constructed in 1973 as a water storage facility for the Centralia Power Plant. In 1991, a hydroelectric unit with a capacity of approximately one megawatt 7 8 was installed at the dam. The Skookumchuck assets being sold includes real property and 9 associated easements and water rights, as well as various equipment. Skookumchuck was 10 granted an exemption from licensing as a hydropower facility by the Federal Energy 11 Regulatory Commission ("FERC") pursuant to 16 U.S.C. §2705(d), which allows 12 exemptions for facilities less than five megawatts. Skookumchuck is, however, subject to 13 dam safety regulation by the FERC.

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# **II. PROPOSED TRANSACTION**

The Owners propose to sell and transfer to Washington LLC the Skookumchuck dam, powerhouse, water rights, land, easements and other related assets, including certain fixtures, contracts and other rights. The sale and transfer is governed by the Skookumchuck Facilities Purchase and Sale Agreement between the Owners and Washington LLC, dated November 25, 2003 (the "Sale Agreement"). A copy of the Sale Agreement is included in Appendix 1. A copy of the Skookumchuck Dam Management Agreement is attached as Appendix 2. The aggregate sale price of the transaction is \$7.57 million, adjusted for changes in

22 PacifiCorp's Net Book Value of the Facilities from September 30, 2003 to the Closing Date.

See Section 2.3(a) of the Sale Agreement. Avista's share of the sales price is 17.5%, or
approximately \$1.32 million on a system basis prior to closing costs.

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The new owner/operator intends to continue operation of Skookumchuck to provide cooling water supply to the Centralia Power Plant, and to produce power from Skookumchuck either as an EWG or as a qualifying facility under the Public Utility Regulatory Policies Act of 1978. None of the electrical output of Skookumchuck has been or will be used to serve Avista's retail customers, except perhaps indirectly through the wholesale power markets.

9 At the time the Centralia coal-fired Generating Plant was sold to TransAlta (TECWA 10 Power Inc.), a Flood Control Committee formed by Lewis and Grays Harbor Counties, 11 Washington and the cities of Centralia, Chehalis and Aberdeen, Washington (the 12 "Committee") had expressed an interest in acquiring the Skookumchuck Dam and reservoir. 13 The Committee had been working with the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers to develop a 14 comprehensive flood control plan for the basin. In June 1999, a Memorandum of 15 Understanding ("MOU") between the Owners and the Committee was signed reflecting the 16 Committee's intent to purchase the facilities. This MOU expired in December 1999, but the 17 Owners understood that the Committee's intent to acquire the facilities had not changed. 18 This desire by the Committee to purchase the facilities and the Committee's stated intent to 19 operate the facilities in a manner that would not be in conflict with the continued operation of 20 the Centralia Steam Plant caused the Owners to withhold Skookumchuck from the sale of the 21 Centralia Steam Plant.

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### **III. EWG DETERMINATIONS**

2 To qualify as an EWG, the owner/operator must be engaged exclusively in the 3 business of owning or operating an "eligible facility" and selling electric energy at wholesale. 4 If the costs of a generation facility were included in the rates of a regulated utility on October 5 24, 1992 (the date of enactment of section 32 of PUHCA), then in order for the facility to be 6 considered an "eligible facility," every state commission having jurisdiction over such rates 7 must specifically determine that allowing the facility to become an eligible facility (1) will 8 benefit consumers, (2) is in the public interest, and (3) does not violate State law. 15 U.S.C. 9 § 79z-5a(c). Thus, the IPUC and each of PacifiCorp's other state regulatory commissions, 10 which include Avista's other state regulatory commission, the Washington Utilities and 11 Transportation Commission, would be required to make these determinations regarding the 12 sale and transfer of the Skookumchuck facilities.

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#### **IV. BENEFITS OF TRANSACTION**

14 Skookumchuck has an electrical capacity of 1 MW, but because the facility is 15 operated for purposes of supplying cooling water to the Centralia Power Plant, it has 16 relatively low energy output. Over the last eight years, the average annual production has 17 been 3,013 megawatt-hours. Skookumchuck's bus bar cost in PacifiCorp's fiscal year 2003 18 (twelve months ending March 31, 2003) was approximately \$250 per MWh. With regard to this cost per MWh, it is important to remember that the dam was originally built to provide 19 20 water supply for the coal plant, and therefore the energy produced by the hydroelectric 21 generator does not reflect the total value of the project. Skookumchuck is interconnected 22 with the transmission system of Puget Sound Energy, Inc. ("PSE") and historically all of the

1 power from Skookumchuck has been sold to PSE.

As one of the Owners of Skookumchuck, Avista must pay its proportionate share of the costs of the facilities. Net plant related to Avista's share of its investment in Skookumchuck is included in the Company's rate base. Customers will not be harmed by the proposed transaction and will in fact benefit from it. The forecast of the market price of power is substantially below the cost of power generated from Skookumchuck. Hence, the Company's revenue requirement will be lower as a result of the sale of Skookumchuck.

8 In addition, the proposed transaction eliminates the risk that the Owners will be 9 required to fund future expenditures for ensuring the structural integrity of the 10 Skookumchuck dam. The benefits from the proposed sale outweigh the risks and costs of 11 continuing to own and operate Skookumchuck.

Moreover, the sale will not harm the public interest because competitive markets will be unaffected by the sale. A 1 MW plant with only 3,000 MWhs of annual production would not have a measurable impact on western electricity supply or any impact on wholesale electricity prices.

Hence, the transfer of Skookumchuck to Washington LLC is in the public interest because it will benefit Avista's customers by lowering the Company's costs of providing electrical service. In addition, the transfer will give TransAlta greater control of the water flows in the Skookumchuck River for providing cooling water to the Centralia Power Plant, thus supporting the electrical output of the Centralia Power Plant for the benefit of all electricity consumers.

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#### **V. OTHER MATTERS**

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# Proposed Ratemaking Treatment

3 Avista projects that the sale of Skookumchuck will result in a small after-tax gain. 4 The Idaho jurisdictional share (33.01%) of the after-tax gain is projected to be approximately 5 \$216,000. Actual figures will not be known until the transaction closes. Avista proposes to 6 allocate the after-tax Skookumchuck gain between jurisdictions and between ratepayers and 7 shareholders in the same manner that Avista's after-tax gain on the sale of the Centralia 8 Power Plant was allocated in Case No. AVU-E-99-6. Applying the depreciation reserve 9 method (the ratio of accumulated depreciation to gross plant) of 69.70% for allocating 10 proceeds to ratepayers set forth in the order approving the sale of the Centralia Power Plant to 11 the estimated Idaho share of the Skookumchuck after-tax gain of approximately \$216,000 12 yields an allocation to ratepayers of approximately \$151,000 and an allocation to 13 shareholders of approximately \$65,000. The calculation and allocation of the estimated gain is attached as Exhibit No. 1 to the testimony of Ronald R. Peterson. 14

Avista is proposing that the estimated portion of the Skookumchuck after-tax gain allocated to ratepayers of approximately \$151,000 be deferred and added to the deferred gain on the Centralia Power Plant which is currently being passed on to ratepayers through a rate credit on Schedule 65 – Temporary Rate Adjustment. The Centralia gain rate credit was originally put into effect on August 1, 2000 and will expire when the deferred gain has been passed on to customers.

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A portion of the Skookumchuck facilities was treated as thermal property since it provided a cooling water source to the Centralia Power Plant and was retired as part of the

Centralia Power Plant when that plant was sold. Hence, the gain recognized on the sale of
the Centralia Power Plant was slightly lower than it would have been if none of the
Skookumchuck facilities had been retired at that time. The gain on the sale of the
Skookumchuck facilities is now slightly higher due to the earlier, partial retirement.

In the IPUC's order approving the sale of the Centralia Power Plant it adopted a methodology to allocate the gain between ratepayers and shareholders based on the ratio of accumulated depreciation to gross plant. This methodology resulted in an allocation of 69.7% of the gain to ratepayers and 30.3% to shareholders.

9 The ratio of accumulated depreciation to gross plant of the Skookumchuck plant 10 currently being retired is approximately 44%. Applying 44% to the after-tax gain on the 11 proposed sale of Skookumchuck would result in a lesser amount of gain being allocated to 12 ratepayers than the allocated gain that results from using the 69.70% Centralia allocation. 13 The Company is proposing to use the higher 69.70% Centralia allocation to ratepayers in the 14 interest of minimizing the issues in this case regarding the allocation of the gain.

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**B**.

### Timing of Approval

16 The new owner/operator of Skookumchuck cannot process its EWG application with 17 the FERC until all of the state regulatory commissions have ruled on the EWG status request. 18 Accordingly, Avista respectfully requests that the Commission process this matter and issue 19 its Order as expeditiously as possible.

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### C. Appendices to Application

The prefiled testimony of Ronald R. Peterson describes the proposed sale and the reasons for the sale. Mr. Peterson's Exhibit No. 1 shows plant balances being retired and the

1 calculation and allocation of the estimated gain. 2 VI. REQUEST 3 Avista requests a Commission order: 4 (a) Approving the proposed sale of Avista's interests in the Skookumchuck 5 facilities in accordance with the Sale Agreement, should the Commission decide to exercise 6 authority over the proposed sale; 7 (b) Determining that the proposed transfer of Skookumchuck to Washington LLC and allowing the facility to become an "eligible facility" within the meaning of section 32 of 8 9 PUHCA (1) will benefit consumers, (2) is in the public interest and (3) does not violate Idaho 10 State law; 11 (c) Approving the proposed accounting treatment of the gain on the sale; and 12 (d) Granting such other relief as the Commission deems necessary and proper. 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22